## Introduction to Information Theory, Fall 2020

## Homework problem set #3

due November 16, 2020

**Rules:** Always explain your solutions carefully. Please hand in the assignment in groups on Canvas. In the werkcollege the TAs can tell you more about how this works.

- 1. **Entropy and typical sets; LZ algorithm (1 point):** Let P be the probability distribution with three possible outcomes A, B, C and probabilities P(A) = 1/2, P(B) = 1/4, P(C) = 1/4. Let  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$  be independent and identically distributed (IID) according to P.
  - (a) Compute  $H(X_1)$ ,  $H(X_2)$ , and  $H(X_1, X_2)$ .
  - (b) Make a table that lists the joint probability  $P(x_1, x_2)$  and the quantity  $\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{P(x_1, x_2)}$  for all possible outcomes  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ .
  - (c) Compute  $H_{\delta}(X_1, X_2)$  for  $\delta = 3/8$ .
  - (d) Write down all elements of the typical set  $T_{2,\epsilon}(P)$  for  $\epsilon = 0.12345$ .

Now for something else. Imagine running the Lempel-Ziv algorithm on the following string:

## **XOOXOXOXXXXOOOOX**

- (e) List the distinct phrases that the LZ algorithm splits the string into.
- (f) List the pairs (k, x) generated by the LZ algorithm. *Notation: Write* k *as an integer in decimal notation and*  $x \in \{X, 0, \bot\}$ .
- 2. **Kraft-McMillan inequality (1 point):** Let X be a random variable with distribution P. In class, we discussed that there always exists a prefix code  $\mathcal{C}$  whose codewords have length  $\ell(\mathcal{C}(x)) = \lceil \log^{1}/P(x) \rceil$ . Let  $\mathcal{C}_2$  be any other uniquely decodable code. Show that, for all k,

$$\Pr\Big(\ell\big(\mathfrak{C}_2(X)\big)\leqslant \ell\big(\mathfrak{C}(X)\big)-k\Big)\leqslant \frac{1}{2^{k-1}}.$$

This implies no other code can produce much shorter codewords than  $\mathcal{C}$  most of the time. Hint: Write the probability as a sum over all possible x and use the Kraft-McMillan inequality.

3. Example Compression algorithms (1 point):

In this problem, you will implement two more algorithms: the 'universal' typical-set compression algorithm and the Lempel-Ziv algorithm that we will discuss on Tuesday and Thursday. To get started, open the notebook at https://colab.research.google.com/github/amsqi/iit20-homework/blob/master/03-homework.ipynb and follow the instructions.

Please submit both the notebook **and** a PDF printout, or provide a link to your solution on Colab. You can achieve the maximum score if your solution produces the correct output. We will only have a closer look at your code in case of problems.

This programming problem may again be a bit more difficult than last week's; we will grade it gently.